



Monoclonal Anti-mouse MIS/AMH Antibody

ORDERING INFORMATION

Catalog Number: MAB1426

Clone: 188103

Lot Number: IAW02

Size: 500 µg

Formulation: 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS
with 5% trehalose

Storage: -20° C

Reconstitution: sterile PBS

Specificity: mouse MIS

Immunogen: *E. coli*-derived rmMIS
(aa 450 - 555)

Ig class: rat IgG_{2b}

Applications: ELISA
Western blot

Preparation

This antibody was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma with B cells obtained from a rat immunized with purified, *E. coli*-derived, recombinant mouse Müllerian-inhibiting Substance (rmMIS; aa 450 - 555). The IgG fraction of the tissue culture supernatant was purified by Protein G affinity chromatography. MIS, also known as anti-Müllerian hormone (AMH), belongs to the TGF-β superfamily. It is produced by the fetal testis and plays a central role in male sex differentiation.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) with 5% trehalose.

Endotoxin Level

< 0.1 EU per 1 µg of the antibody as determined by the LAL method.

Reconstitution

Reconstitute with sterile PBS. If 1 mL of PBS is used, the antibody concentration will be 500 µg/mL.

Storage

Lyophilized samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20° C to -70° C. Upon reconstitution, the antibody can be stored at 2° - 8° C for 1 month without detectable loss of activity. Reconstituted antibody can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20° C to -70° C **in a manual defrost freezer** for six months without detectable loss of activity. **Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

Specificity

This antibody was selected for its ability to detect mouse MIS in direct ELISAs and western blots. This antibody shows no cross-reactivity with rhMIS or rrMIS.

Applications

Direct ELISA - This antibody can be used at 0.5 - 1.0 µg/mL with the appropriate secondary reagents to detect mouse MIS. The detection limit for rmMIS is approximately 15 ng/well.

Western Blot - This antibody can be used at 1 - 2 µg/mL with the appropriate secondary reagents to detect mouse MIS. The detection limit for rmMIS is approximately 5 ng/lane under non-reducing and reducing conditions.

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.

